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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/844,470	04/27/2001	Aamer Sachedina	CA92000004US1	1865	
46369 7	590 06/14/2006		EXAMINER		
HESLIN ROTHENBERG FARLEY & MESITI P.C.			TANG, KE	TANG, KENNETH	
5 COLUMBIA CIRCLE ALBANY, NY 12203		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
,			2195		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/844,470	SACHEDINA ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Kenneth Tang	2195			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 M	arch 2006.				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-5, 7-13, 15-21, and 23-24 is/are rejected to. Claim(s) 6,14 and 22 is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers						
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the liderawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority i	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date		Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to the Response on 3/29/06. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but are not found to be persuasive.

2. Claims 1-24 are presented for examination.

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 6, 14, and 22 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-3, 7-11, 15-19, and 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Iwasaki et al. (hereinafter Iwasaki) (US 5,274,809).
- 5. As to claim 1, Iwasaki teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a computer system comprising:

tasks potentially contending for a latch (lock contentions among tasks) (col. 3, line 29-30), each task comprising:

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a probability determining component to dynamically estimate the probability that the task will successfully acquire the latch (1 minus the lock fail rate probability β equals the success rate, etc.) (col. 3, lines 1-15, col. 16, lines 26-36); and

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a suspending component (wait/post mechanism or suspend/resume mechanism or sleep/wakeup mechanism, etc.) to place the task in a suspended state for a defined sleep time (suspended at t₃, etc.) where the estimated probability is below a predetermined threshold value (threshold is the point when the task is considered lock-failing from the lock fail rate probability β) (col. 2, lines 15-27, col. 3, lines 1-15, col. 5, lines 45-60, col. 16, lines 26-36).

- 6. As to claim 2, Iwasaki teaches in which the suspending component increments the defined sleep time by a heuristically determined constant factor for successive entries of the task into the suspended state (retry field is incremented by one, etc.) (col. 14, lines 31-40).
- 7. As to claim 3, Iwasaki teaches in which the sleep time is capped at a predetermined maximum value (maximum number of retries, etc.) (col. 14, lines 31-54).
- 8. As to claim 7, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 3.
- 9. As to claim 8, Iwasaki teaches the probability determining component estimates the probability that the task will successfully acquire the latch by taking the inverse of the number of tasks contending for the latch (the ratio of the lock procedure to the whole procedure) (col. 6, lines 1-11).

10. As to claim 9, Iwasaki teaches a method for the management of contention for a latch by a task in a multitask computer system, the method comprising:

a. the task dynamically estimating the probability that the task will successfully acquire the latch (1 minus the lock fail rate probability β equals the success rate, etc.) (col. 3, lines 1-15, col. 16, lines 26-36);

b. the task placing itself in a suspended state for a defined sleep time (suspended at t₃, etc.) where the estimated probability is below predetermined threshold value (threshold is the point when the task is considered lock-failing from the lock fail rate probability β) (col. 2, lines 15-27, col. 3, lines 1-15, col. 5, lines 45-60, col. 16, lines 26-36); and

c. the task repeating the above a and b until the dynamically estimated probability of the task acquiring the latch is at or above the predetermined threshold value, following which the task will contend for the latch (dynamic task execution for lock management such as wait/post mechanism, suspend/resume mechanism, sleep/wakeup mechanism, etc) (col. 2, lines 15-27, col. 3, lines 1-15, see col. 18-19, claim 1).

- 11. As to claims 10-11 and 15-17, they are rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claims 2-3 and 7-9.
- 12. As to claims 18-19 and 23-24, they are rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claims 2-3 and 7-8.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 13. Claims 4-5, 12-13, and 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iwasaki et al. (hereinafter Iwasaki) (US 5,274,809) in view of Murphy et al. (hereinafter Murphy) (US 5,077,677).
- 14. As to claim 4, Isawaki teaches suspending for a defined sleep time (suspended at t₃, etc.) where the estimated probability is below predetermined threshold value (threshold is the point when the task is considered lock-failing from the lock fail rate probability and when the task will successfully acquire the latch (1 minus the lock fail rate probability β equals the success rate, etc.) (col. 2, lines 15-27, col. 3, lines 1-15, col. 5, lines 45-60, col. 16, lines 26-36). Isawaki is silent on adjusting the according to changes in the probability. However, Murphy teaches an adaptive controller and a latch, wherein the idle state is affected by a probability calculation (col. 17, lines 29-33, etc.). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Isawaki with Murphy because it would provide an intelligent adaptive controller (col. 5, lines 55-62, etc).

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15. As to claim 5, Iwasaki teaches in which the sleep time is capped at a predetermined

maximum value (maximum number of retries, etc.) (col. 14, lines 31-54).

16. As to claim 12-13 and 20-21, they are rejected for the same reasons as stated in the

rejections of claims 4-5 above.

Response to Arguments

- 17. During patent examination, the pending claims must be "given their broadest reasonable interpretation consistent with the specification." *In re Hyatt*, 211 F.3d 1367, 1372, 54 USPQ2d 1664, 1667 (Fed. Cir. 2000). Applicant always has the opportunity to amend the claims during prosecution, and broad interpretation by the examiner reduces the possibility that the claim, once issued, will be interpreted more broadly than is justified. *In re Prater*, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-51 (CCPA 1969).
- 18. Applicant argues throughout the Remarks that it is not taught in Iwasaki that the estimation is done *dynamically*.

In response, Iwasaki teaches execution steps be done dynamically (col. 3, lines 5-15, etc.).

19. Applicant argues that there is no threshold that the estimated probability is compared to.

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In Iwasaki, the threshold is the point when the task is considered lock-failing from the lock fail rate probability β (col. 2, lines 15-27, col. 3, lines 1-15, col. 5, lines 45-60, col. 16, lines 26-36).

20. Applicant argues that Murphy doesn't teach changing the probability calculation while the Applicant's invention teaches adjusting the estimated probability.

In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. Changing the probability calculation is equivalent to adjusting the estimated probability.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kenneth Tang whose telephone number is (571) 272-3772. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM - 6:00PM, Every other Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Kt 6/9/06 SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER